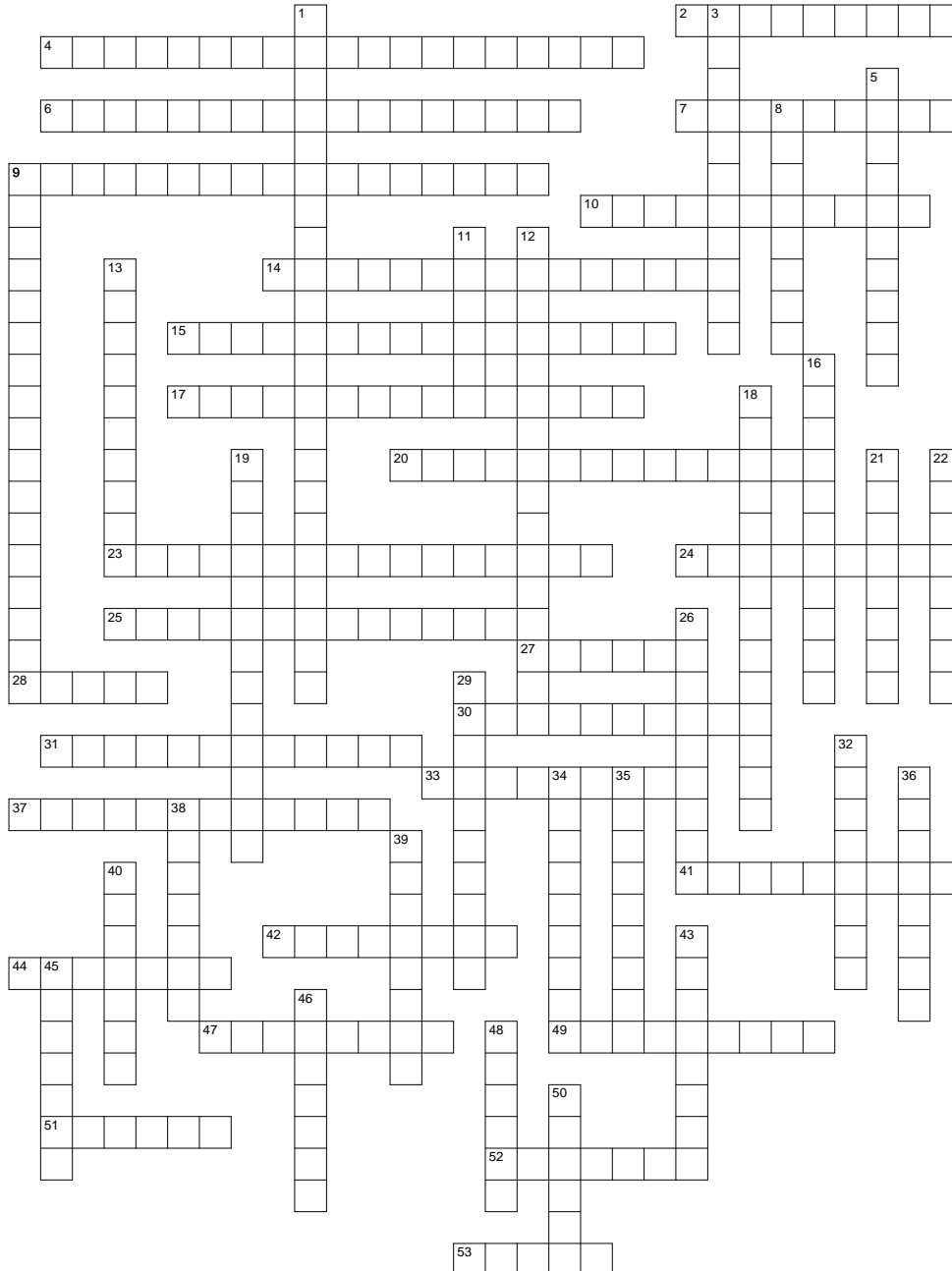


Name:
Period:

Date:

Jewish History Overview: NT Era



Across

- 200 years of Roman peace initiated by Octavian.
- Name in the OT for Antiochus' statue of Zeus erected in the temple.
- 332-167 BC.
- Jewish sect primarily concerned with personal purity and critical of the Roman influence over the temple.
- Primarily responsible for the spread of Hellenism through the Ancient Near East.
- First Maccabee to be declared king.
- 132-135 AD.
- Sect founded by Judas the Galilean.
- 305-198 BC.
- He claimed to be the son of Antiochus IV.
- Most Romans considered Octavian to be this.
- Son of Herod who was ethnarch of Judea, Samaria, and Idumea from 4BC-6AD.
- Antipas had him beheaded.
- Region to the south of Judea; Herod the Great was from there.
- During the reign of this Maccabee, the Jews minted their own coins again.
- Octavian was known as one of these, as was Jesus.
- Maccabee who destroyed the temple at Mt. Gerizim.
- The Egyptian region of Alexander's empire after it divided.
- Assassinated in 44 BC, the Jews had allied themselves with him against Pompey and been rewarded for it.
- Advisor to John Hyrcanus II, and grandfather to Herod the Great.
- The Syrian region of Alexander's empire after it divided.
- Means "faithful."
- Roman general who emerged as emperor in the wake of Caesar's assassination.
- Jewish priestly sect seen by many Jews as corrupted by Hellenism.
- Roman general who took control of Judea in 63 BC.
- Jewish apocalyptic sect that lived in a community by the Dead Sea.
- Son of Mattathias and his successor.

Down

- First leader of the Maccabean Revolt.
- Commemorates the Roman victory in the First Revolt.
- Greek translation of the Hebrew scriptures produced during the Ptolemaic Period.
- Name given to the form of Judaism that survived the First Revolt.
- Brutal Maccabee who crucified 800 Pharisees.
- Son of Herod married to Herodias.
- Coastal city built by Herod the Great; Pontius Pilate lived there.
- Means "son of the god," and used in reference to Octavian.
- 66-70 AD.
- 198-63 BC.
- King of Judea appointed by the Romans.
- First Maccabee to take the title of high priest.
- Means "dispersion," and refers to Jews who lived outside the Promised Land after the exiles.
- Means "son of the star."
- This was done to Julius Caesar by the Roman senate after his death.
- Probably means "hammerer."
- Means "god revealed."
- The Macedonian region of Alexander's empire after it divided.
- Jewish historian and primary source for NT era history of Palestine.
- Region to the north of Judea whose residents were disliked by the Jews.
- Feast day commemorating the rededication of the temple.
- Son of Herod who was tetrarch of Galilee during the years of Jesus' ministry.
- Title bestowed on Octavian by the Roman senate in 27 BC.
- Briefly ruled over a reunited Palestine from 41-44 AD.
- Region north of Samaria; Jesus was from there.
- This OT book is really about the reign of Antiochus Epiphanes IV.
- Fortress built by Herod the Great; one of the last holdouts during the First Revolt.