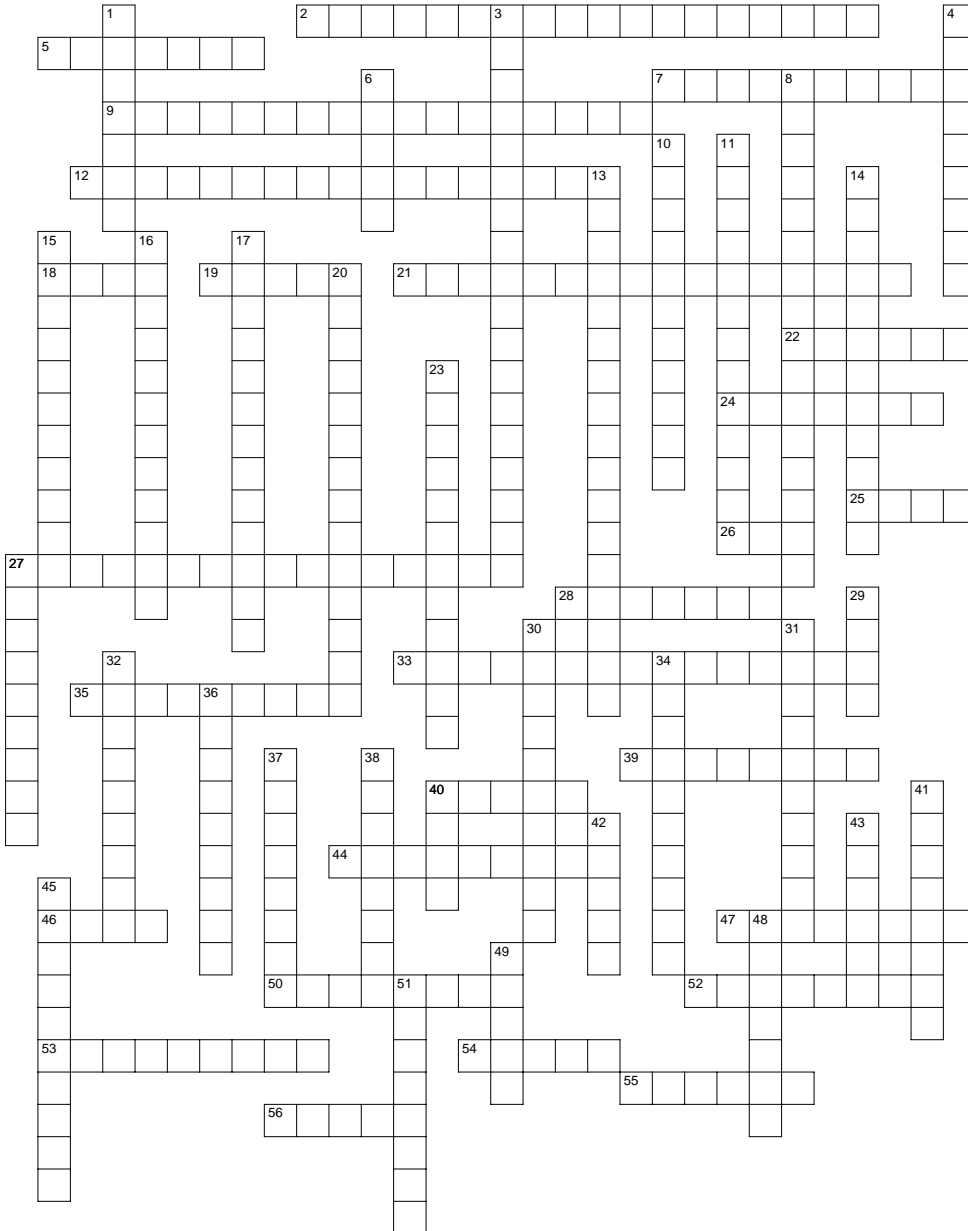


Name:
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Paul & His Undisputed Letters



Across

- 1 Cor 11:23-26 contains the earliest written account of this.
- Long thought to be a letter of Paul, but he is never mentioned by name in it.
- Paul's letters are this type of literature.
- One of our sources for information about Paul.
- Col, Eph, Phil, Phlm.
- Paul mentions someone by this name in the final greetings in Phlm. Could it be the "beloved physician" and gospel author?
- Paul's reference to her as an "apostle" in Romans has been controversial.
- Paul calls himself "least of all the apostles" in this letter.
- Means "knowledge," and some of Paul's letters try to combat secret forms of it.
- Paul was present when this martyr was stoned to death.
- Paul's Jewish name.
- For Paul, the problem with this is that it separates us from God.
- 1 Tim, 2 Tim, Titus.
- One of Paul's coworkers, who informed him of the situation in Corinth.
- Phrase used to by Paul to refer to what may have been a disease or disability with which he struggled.
- Paul mentions his meeting with the apostles in this city in Galatians.
- Means "useful."
- Greek word for unconditional, selfless love.
- Means "O Lord, come!"
- Paul mentions someone by this name in the final greetings in Phlm. Could it be the gospel author?
- Paul's tribe.
- Paul is this type of Jew, meaning he lived outside of Israel.
- Paul was a member of this Jewish sect before his call or conversion.
- Means "sin offering," like Jesus' sacrifice on the cross.
- Paul says very little about his "pre-Easter" life and ministry.
- According to Acts, Paul's birthplace.
- A "gift" freely given by God that cannot be earned.

Down

- Paul sees him as the model of faith.
- Probably the earliest of Paul's Letters.
- "O stupid ____!"
- Those in Corinth that claimed to "belong to Cephas" were probably baptized by him.
- Paul sees Jesus as this sacrificial figure from the book of Isaiah.
- An important letter for autobiographical information about Paul.
- Means "right relationship" (with God), or "innocent."
- This is probably two letters that were combined as they were copied.
- Phil 2:6-7.
- Technical term for a spiritual charism that causes problems in Corinth.
- Paul believed there would be one of these when the kingdom of God arrived.
- Paul's sarcastic title for his opponents in 2 Cor.
- Name given to the dualistic belief in an end time judgment.
- He proposed the idea of salvation by faith alone based on his reading of Galatians.
- Paul's contrast of "flesh" and "spirit" is similar to that of this Greek philosophical school.
- In Galatians, Paul claims to have met this "pillar," traditionally believed to be the author of the fourth gospel.
- Seven of Paul's letters are considered to be this.
- In the ancient world, the price paid to free a slave.
- Paul's trade, according to Acts.
- 1 Cor 13.
- From a Greek word that means "safe from harm."
- Six of Paul's letters are considered to be this.
- Paul was on the road to this city when Christ appeared to him.
- Jesus' perfect obedience to God has negated the consequences of his disobedience.
- At the Jerusalem council, it was agreed that Paul would go only to them.
- Ironically, Paul uses her as a symbol for the covenant God made with Moses.
- Sometimes referred to as the "gospel of Paul"; his longest letter.
- A scribe to whom one would dictate a letter.
- City treasurer of Corinth, mentioned in Paul's final greetings in Romans.
- One of the three men Paul says "were reputed to be pillars" of the Jerusalem church.
- Onesimus' owner to whom Paul sends a letter.