

Name:

Date:

Period:

Moses as Prophetic Archetype & His Prophetic Successors in the OT

Directions: Use your notes and the Bible to answer these questions

1. Read **Deuteronomy 18**. According to this passage, how would the Israelites know when someone was a **false** prophet?
2. Look specifically at **Deut. 18:15**. This passage summarizes the test of a **true** prophet. Who is speaking in this passage? According to this passage, who must all true prophets be like?
(Hint: same answer to both questions)
3. **Outline the Life of Moses** by filling in the following blanks:
4. Moses is born at a time when the _____ is trying to kill all of the Hebrew _____ (Ex 1:22)
5. He is given a name with symbolic significance in the story, _____, which means, "_____." (Ex 2:10)
6. He is protected from harm while in _____ by the daughter of _____ (Ex 2:5). He leaves _____ (Ex 2:15), but returns there to save the Hebrews from suffering as _____ (Ex 1:13).
7. Initially, when Moses confronts the Pharaoh to release the Hebrews, the Pharaoh not only refuses but increases their _____ (Ex 5:6-9). Because of this, the Hebrews _____ Moses and _____ him for their plight (ex 5:20-21; 6:9).
8. He unleashes a series of plagues on the Pharaoh to get him to free the Hebrews, culminating in death of the _____ (Ex 11-12), which was preceded by the celebration of the first _____ feast (Ex 12), in which the blood of a _____ was sprinkled on their doorposts and lintels with a sprig of _____ (Ex 12:22).
9. Again he leaves _____ (Ex 12:37), this time taking the Hebrews with him. When he arrives at the shores of the _____, he parts the waters and crosses over, delivering the Hebrews from the wrath of _____ (Ex 14:15-31)
10. Moses then arrived at _____ (Ex 19:1-15), where he received the _____ from Yahweh after remaining there for "_____ days and nights" (Ex 24:12-18). This was given to Moses in the form of a _____, which was ratified by sprinkling _____ on the people, which Moses calls the "_____ of the _____." (Ex 24:1-8)
11. When he descends the mountain, he and the Israelites wander in the _____ for _____ years, during which time they are _____ by God (Deut 8:2).
12. At one point during this time the Israelites become so _____ that they begin to doubt that God is with them, so Moses miraculously provides them with _____, a bread-like substance that they bake into cakes. (Ex 16:1-36).
13. Thus, the story of Israel's wilderness wanderings highlights all the important aspects of Moses' life: Although he did not actually enter the Promised Land, he is seen as the _____ who delivered Israel from _____ in Egypt, which is commemorated with the annual celebration of the _____; He is the authoritative _____-giver because of the _____ he forms with Yahweh on _____, And Deut 18:15 idealizes him as the archetype of the "true _____."

14. Now read the following stories, and explain the connection to Deut 18:15 by describing how each story is about someone who meets the definition of a true prophet.

Joshua 2-6, The Conquest of Jericho and the story of Rahab.

1 Kings 17:7-16, Elijah and the Widow.

1 Kings 19:1-8, Elijah Wanders in the Wilderness

2 Kings 2:1-18, Elijah & Elisha

2 Kings 4:42-44, Elisha and the loaves